## ATENT COOPERATION TREATY

		0 5 JAI	V	2005
ł	WIPO			POT

# INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

(Chapter II of the Patent Cooperation Treaty)

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference FOR FURTHER ACT	ION See Form PCT/IPEA/416			
10469-WO International application No. International filing date (	day/month/year) Priority date (day/month/year)			
International appropriate	17.09.2002			
PCT/SE 2003 /001446   16.09.2003				
International Patent Classification (IPC) or national classification and	arc			
C1011/10, C10110/04				
Applicant				
SystemSeparation Sweden AB et al				
	ort, established by this International Preliminary Examining			
Authority under Article 35 and transmitted to the applicant	according to Article 50.			
2. This REPORT consists of a total of 5 sheets	s, including this cover sheet.			
3. This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, comprising	g:			
a. (sent to the applicant and to the International i	Bureau) a total of 4 sheets, as follows:			
	drowings which have been amended and are the basis of this report			
and/or sheets containing rectifications Administrative Instructions).	authorized by this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the			
The state of the s	but which this Authority considers contain an amendment that goes			
beyond the disclosure in the internation	nal application as filed, as indicated in item 4 of Box No. I and the			
Supplemental Box.				
b. (sent to the International Bureau only) a total of (indicate type and number of electronic carrier(s))				
readable form only, as indicated in the Supplemental Box Relating to Sequence Listing (see Section 802 of the				
readable form only, as indicated in the Supplemental Box Relating to Sequence Listing (see Section 2017).  Administrative Instructions).				
4. This report contains indications relating to the following it	tems:			
Box No. I Basis of the report				
Box No. II Priority				
	with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability			
	cle 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial			
Box No. V Reasoned statement under Artic applicability; citations and expl	lanations supporting such statement			
Box No. VI Certain documents cited				
Box No. VII Certain defects in the internation	onal application			
Box No. VIII Certain observations on the inte	ernational application			
Date of submission of the demand	Date of completion of this report			
01.04.2004	20.12.2004			
Name and mailing address of the IPEA/SE	Authorized officer			
Patent- och registreringsverket Box 5055				
S-102 42 STOCKHOLM	Mårten Hulthén/ELY Telephone No. +46 8 782 25 00			
Facsimile No. +46 8 667 72 88				

Form PCT/IPEA/409 (cover sheet) (January 2004)

### INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

1	Internal application No.			
	PCT/SE2003	/001446		

Вох	No. I	Bas	sis of the report
1.	otherw	rise indic	the language, this report is based on the international application in the language in which it was filed, unless ated under this item.
		This rep	ort is based on a translation from the original language into the following language s the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of:
			international search (under Rules 12.3 and 23.1(b))
		Ħ	publication of the international application (under Rule 12.4)
		Ħ	international preliminary examination (under Rules 55.2 and/or 55.3)
2.	o the elements of the international application, this report is based on (replacement sheets which have been as receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" interest to this report):		
		the int	ernational application as originally filed/furnished
	$\bowtie$		scription:  1 - 3 1 as originally filed/furnished
		pages	
			received by this Authority on
1	<b>~</b> 3	pages'	
	$\boxtimes$	the cla	as originally filed/furnished
		pages pages	as a monded (together with any statement) under Article 19
1			* 32-35 received by this Authority on 15.12.2004
		pages	2 22 11.1 A. 11. a. 11. a. 11. a. 11.
1	П		rawings:
	نــا	pages	as originally filed/furnished
1		pages	* received by this Authority on
		pages	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
		a seq	uence listing and/or any related table(s) see Supplemental Box Relating to Sequence Listing.
3.		The	amendments have resulted in the cancellation of:
			the description, pages
1		$\boxtimes$	the claims, Nos. 14
			the drawings, sheets/figs
1			the sequence listing (specify):
			any table(s) related to the sequence listing (specify):
4	. <u> </u>	mad	report has been established as if (some of) the amendments annexed to this report and listed below had not been the considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed, as indicated in the Supplemental Box (Rule(c)).
			the description, pages
			the claims, Nos.
		Ī	the drawings, sheets/figs
-		F	the sequence listing (specify):
			any table(s) related to the sequence listing (specify):
	<b>*</b> 70.		plies, some or all of those sheets may be marked "superseded."
	- <i>1</i> J 11	ит 4 ир	pace, some or an of mose success may so manifest the second

### INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

Internal al application No.

PCT/SE2003 /001446

Box	No. V	Reasoned statement un citations and explanati	der Article 3: ons supportin	5(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability g such statement	'; 
1.	Statement				
	Novelty (N)		Claims	1-11	YES
	Noven	ty (N)	Claims	<u> </u>	NO
	Invent	tive step (IS)	Claims	1-11	YES
		• • •	Claims		МО
	Induct	trial applicability (IA)	Claims	1-11	YES
	Midusi	trial applicability (171)	Claims		NO

2. Citations and explanations (Rule 70.7)

Amended claims 1-13 were filed on 15 December 2004.

Documents cited as being of particular relevance:

D1 US 3067018

D2 US 3205053

D3 US 5637118

D4 GB 1459032

The invention relates to a fuel additive composition for the reduction/removal of vanadium-containing ash deposits in gas turbines and other by combustion of vanadium-containing fuel driven apparatuses, which composition as its active ingredient comprises a compound of a metal capable of forming a vanadate with vanadium.

D1 is considered to be the closest prior art.

D1 (e.g. column 1, line 71 - column 2, line 3; column 2, lines 10-12; column 4, lines 27-53) shows that the addition of a dispersion of an oxygen-containing compound which forms vanadate, reduces vanadium-containing ash deposits and thus solves the same problem as the invention. The most preferred interval, 0,1 to 1 micron, is mentioned in D1 as particularly favourable (column 2, lines 6-11).

.../...

#### Supplemental Box

In case the space in any of the preceding boxes is not sufficient. Continuation of: Box  $\,V\,$ 

According to the applicant, the expression "...comprising as the active ingredient..." in claim 1 of the application (page 32, lines 9-13) is to be understood as that the active ingredient consists only of "an inorganic oxygen-containing compound of said metal in particulate form" and that no other substance is involved. D1 discloses an active ingredient that in addition contains magnesium sulfonate dissolved in oil (column 6, lines 10-13 and claim 1 and 5). Thus, the composition of claim 1 according to first alternative (a1)) mentioned in the claim is novel in regard to D1.

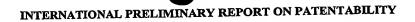
The corresponding metal oxide according to the second alternative (a2)) having a specified density is also novel in regard to D1.

The process of claim 10 is also novel in regard to D1.

There is no disclosure in D1 of an additive without the magnesium sulfonate. It is not considered to be obvious to exclude the magnesium sulfonate from the additive disclosed by D1.

The stated differences imply improvements in providing a fuel additive composition containing a high concentration of magnesium or other metal capable of forming vanadates having a melting point above that of vanadium pentoxide.

The claims 1-13 are considered to involve an inventive step and also to fulfil the criteria of industrial applicability.





Box No. VIII Certain observations on the international application

The following observations on the clarity of the claims, description, and drawings or on the question whether the claims are fully supported by the description, are made:

Claim 1 should be specified further so that it is clear from the claim that the active ingredient, according to the first alternative (a1)) stated in claim 1, exclusively consists of "an inorganic oxygen-containing compound of said metal in particulate form".

Claim 4 defines the invention by a result to be achieved and therefore lacks clarity (PCT Guidelines 5.35; PCT Article 6).

#### CLAIMS

1. Fuel additive composition for the reduction/removal of vanadium-containing ash deposits in gas turbines and other by combustion of vanadium-containing fuel driven apparatuses, which composition as its active ingredient comprises a compound of a metal capable of forming a vanadate with vanadium of said ash deposits, which composition comprises

10

15

20

5

as the active ingredient either al) an inorganic a) oxygen-containing compound of said metal in particle form, which oxygen-containing compound, when heated up in a combustion flame, liberates a gaseous substance by evaporation and forms the corresponding metal oxide having a crystalline porous low density structure or a2) said corresponding metal oxide having a crystalline porous low density structure, said inorganic oxygen-containing compound al) and said corresponding metal oxide a2) having a particle size distribution essentially within the range of from 0,1 to 2 micron, preferably from 0,1 to 1 micron and said corresponding metal oxide a2) having a density of at most 2.0  $g/cm^3$ ,

25

dispersed in

b) at least one liquid selected from the group consisting of liquids soluble in oil,

30

- by means of
- c) at least one dispersant selected from the group consisting of low molecular weight dispersants and high molecular weight dispersants.

35

 Fuel additive composition according to claim 1, wherein said metal is capable of forming vanadates having a





melting point within the range of from 650°C to 2000°C.

- Fuel additive composition according to any of claims 1 and 2, wherein said metal is magnesium or yttrium.
- 4. Fuel additive composition according to any of claims 1 to 3, wherein said inorganic oxygen-containing metal compounds or oxide has a particle size distribution which is adapted to be most effective at the temperature at which a solid, porous metal vanadate is formed and to form ash particles which deposit as little as possible and form as loose deposits as possible.
- 5. Fuel additive composition according to any of claims 1 to 4, wherein said liquid is selected from the group consisting of mineral oils, highly aromatic naphtha, diesel fuel, vegetable oils, esterified vegetable oils, animal oils and esterified animal oils.
- 20 6. Fuel additive composition according to claim 5, wherein said vegetable oils and esters thereof are selected from peanut oil, coconut oil, corn oil, linseed oil, rapeoil, palm oil, sunflower oil, olive oil, tall oil and esters thereof.
- 7. Fuel additive composition according to claim 5, wherein said liquid is rape-oil methyl ester or diesel fuel.
- 8. Fuel additive composition according to any of claims 1 to 7, wherein said inorganic oxygen-containing metal compound or oxide comprises from 10 to 65% by volume, preferably from 20 to 50% by volume and more preferably from 30 to 40% by volume, and most preferably from 40 to 50% by volume, calculated on the total volume of the composition.
  - Fuel additive composition according to any of claims 1 to 8, wherein said at least one dispersant is an anionic

### AMENDED SHEET

or amphoteric low molecular weight dispersant.

5

10

15

20

25

30

10. Process for the preparation of a fuel additive composition as defined in any of claims 1-8, which process comprises

mixing a powder of an inorganic oxygen-containing compound of a metal capable of forming a vanadate with vanadium of ash deposits from vanadium-containing fuel and which inorganic oxygen-containing compound when heated up in a combustion flame liberates a gaseous substance by evaporating to form to the corresponding oxide having a crystalline porous low density structure or a powder of said oxide having a crystalline porous low density structure into a mixture of at least one liquid selected from the group consisting of liquids soluble in oil with at least one dispersant for said inorganic oxygen-containing metal compound or oxide selected from the group consisting of low molecular weight dispersants and high molecular weight dispersants using shear forces to form a homogenous pumpable premix and

subjecting the premix to a treatment comprising size degradation and dispersant coating to a particle size distribution of the inorganic oxygen-containing metal compound and oxide essentially within the range of from 0.1 to 2 micron, preferably from 0.1 to 1 micron, under centrifugal or oscillation forces in the presence of a grinding medium and/or ultrasonic treatment until a plot of the sediment height in samples taken periodically during said treatment and centrifuged at a fixed rate for a fixed period versus time plateaus and the viscosity has decreased and come into a steady state.

35 11. Process according to claim 10, wherein the size degradation and dispersant coating is carried out in a basket mill with zirconium balls as a grinding medium.

- 12. Process according to claim 11, wherein size degradation and dispersant coating is carried out at an accelerative force within the range of from 50g to 70g on the liquid.
- only part of said at least one liquid and/or said at least one dispersant has been used when preparing the mixture of said at least one liquid soluble in oil and said at least one dispersant, the remainder of the dispersant and liquid being added after said graph over the sediment height in samples taken periodically and being centrifuged at a fixed rate for a fixed period has reached a plateau.